

Evaluation of combinations of hierarchies

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HIERARCHY OF SEGMENTATIONS



Image segmentation.



Hierarchy of image segmentations (Arbelaez).

SALIENCY MAP: A CHARACTERISTIC FUNCTION FOR A HIERARCHY

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Original image I

Saliency map of a hierarchy of segmentations of *I*



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MOTIVATION TO COMBINE HIERARCHIES



Original image, saliency maps of hierarchies and segmentations containing 50 regions extracted from each hierarchy.

MAIN CONTRIBUTIONS

• Definition of five combinations of hierarchies

- Practical evaluation of these combinations:
 - on Berkeley dataset (500 images)
 - versus manual segmentations

• In half of the cases, the combined hierarchy scores better than any of its individual hierarchies

 Best result: combination achieved a score of 0.569 against 0.513 and 0.527 for individual hierarchies

OUTLINES

- 1. Method for combining hierarchies
- 2. Types of combinations
- 3. Experiments
- 4. Conclusion
- 5. Future work

1. METHOD FOR COMBINING HIERARCHIES

► How to combine hierarchies?



2. Types of combinations

- ► Infimum (人)
- ► Supremum (Y)
- Linear combination (\oplus_{Θ})
- ► Average (*A*)
- Split and glue (\uplus_{Θ})

2. Types of combinations

Split-and-glue (intuitive illustration)



Combination of two hierarchical segmentations \mathcal{H}_1 and \mathcal{H}_2 at level λ_2 , resulting in \mathcal{H}_3 .

EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Set-up of experiments
- 2. Visual inspection
- 3. Assessment methodology
- 4. Evaluation
- 5. Comparison with other techniques

3.1 Set-up of experiments

- Watershed-cut hierarchies built from the following attributes
 - ► Area
 - Dynamics
 - Volume
 - Topological Height
 - Number of Descendants
 - Diagonal of Bounding Box
 - Number of Minima







Height

Area

Volume

Illustration of the height, the area and the volume of a component (Najman and Couprie, 2011)

3.1 Setup of experiments

Image dataset

Berkeley Segmentation Dataset and Benchmark 500 (BSDS500)

Methods for computing image gradient

- Euclidean distance on Lab space
- ► Structured Edge detector (SE) (Dollar and Zitnick, 2013)



Original color image from BSDS500 and its gradient using SE

3.2 VISUAL INSPECTION INFIMUM (λ)



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3.2 VISUAL INSPECTION SUPREMUM (Y)



212 regions

297 regions

218 regions

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3.2 VISUAL INSPECTION AVERAGE (A)



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3.2 VISUAL INSPECTION Split and glue $(\ensuremath{\uplus}_{\Theta})$

Original





3.3 Assessment methodology of hierarchies of segmentations



A cut in a hierarchy (Benjamin et al, 2017)

3.3 Assessment methodology of hierarchies of segmentations

► Fragmentation curves (Perret *et al*, 2017)



Bidirectional Consistency Error (BCE)

3.4 Evaluation: Parameter-free combinations (λ, Υ, A) and Split and Glue

- Combinations using *infimum*, *supremum* and *average*:
 - Average improved the results in 10/21 combinations, against 11/21 and 10/21 for supremum and infimum
 - ► The highest score (0.568) obtained from combinations using average

- Combination using *split and glue*:
 - ► 50%(5/10) of combinations presented higher scores than the individual hierarchies

3.4 EVALUATION: SUPERVISED LINEAR COMBINATIONS

 Supervised search of parameters to combine pairs of hierarchies (training set of BSDS500)

• The results were improved in 52%(11/21) of combinations

- ► Highest score (0.569):
 - ► Area / Topological height: 51%/49%
 - ► Dynamics / Number of Descendants: 38%/62%
 - ► Topological height / Number of descendants: 42%/58%

3.4 EVALUATION: SUPERVISED LINEAR COMBINATIONS



Fragmentation curves of area, topological height and their linear combination

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3.5 Comparison with other techniques

- ► Multiscale combinatorial grouping MCG (Pont-Tuset et al, 2015)
- ► Ultrametric Contour Map UCM (Arbelaez et al, 2011)



Comparison of PR for Boundaries and Marked Segmentation scores of linear combination of area and topological height and MCG.

4 CONCLUSION

 Our results show the potential of combination of hierarchies through the evaluation of combinations of watershed-cut hierarchies

 Half of the combinations presents better results compared to the ones of the individual hierarchies

5 FUTURE WORK

Learning parameters of combinations per image



Thank you!

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